

Subminiature LED Lamps

Technical Data

HLMP-Pxxx Series HLMP-Qxxx Series HLMP-6xxx Series HLMP-70xx Series

Features

• Subminiature Flat Top Package Ideal for Backlighting and

Light Piping Applications

- Subminiature Dome Package Diffused Dome for Wide Viewing Angle Nondiffused Dome for High Brightness
- TTL and LSTTL Compatible 5 Volt Resistor Lamps
- Available in Six Colors
- Ideal for Space Limited Applications
- Axial Leads
- Available with Lead Configurations for Surface Mount and Through Hole PC Board Mounting

Description

Flat Top Package

The HLMP-Pxxx Series flat top lamps use an untinted, nondiffused, truncated lens to provide a wide radiation pattern that is necessary for use in backlighting applications. The flat top lamps are also ideal for use as emitters in light pipe applications.

Dome Packages

The HLMP-6xxx Series dome lamps for use as indicators use a tinted, diffused lens to provide a wide viewing angle with a high on-off contrast ratio. High brightness lamps use an untinted, nondiffused lens to provide a high luminous intensity within a narrow radiation pattern.

Resistor Lamps

The HLMP-6xxx Series 5 volt subminiature lamps with built in current limiting resistors are for use in applications where space is at a premium.

Lead Configurations

All of these devices are made by encapsulating LED chips on axial lead frames to form molded epoxy subminiature lamp packages. A variety of package configuration options is

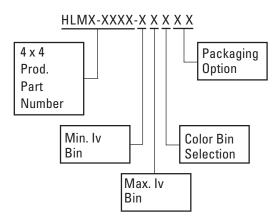


available. These include special surface mount lead configurations, gull wing, yoke lead or Zbend. Right angle lead bends at 2.54 mm (0.100 inch) and 5.08 mm (0.200 inch) center spacing are available for through hole mounting. For more information refer to Standard SMT and Through Hole Lead Bend Options for Subminiature LED Lamps data sheet.

Device Selection Guide Part Number: HLMP-xxxx

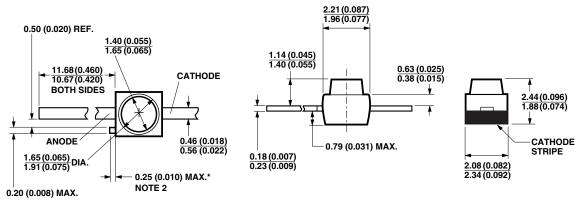
Standard Red	DH AS AlGaAs Red	High Efficiency Red	Orange	Yellow	High Perf. Green	Emerald Green	Device Description ^[1]	Device Outline Drawing
	P105	P205	P405	P305	P505	P605	Untinted, Nondiffused, Flat Top	А
	P102	P202	P402	P302	P502		Untinted, Diffused, Flat Top	A
6000	Q100	6300	Q400	6400	6500	Q600	Tinted, Diffused	В
	Q105	6305		6405	6505		Untinted, Nondiffused, High Brightness	В
	Q150	7000		7019	7040		Tinted, Diffused, Low Current	В
	Q155						Nondiffused, Low Current	В
		6600		6700	6800		Tinted, Diffused, Resistor, 5 V, 10 mA	В
		6620		6720	6820		Diffused, Resistor, 5 V, 4 mA	В

Ordering Information



Package Dimensions

(A) Flat Top Lamps



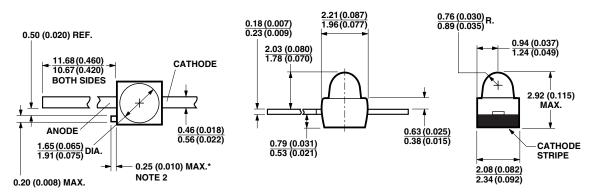
NOTES:

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES (INCHES). 2. PROTRUDING SUPPORT TAB IS CONNECTED TO CATHODE LEAD.

* REFER TO FIGURE 1 FOR DESIGN CONCERNS.

Package Dimensions (cont.)

(B) Diffused and Nondiffused



- NOTES: 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES (INCHES). 2. PROTRUDING SUPPORT TAB IS CONNECTED TO CATHODE LEAD.
- * REFER TO FIGURE 1 FOR DESIGN CONCERNS.

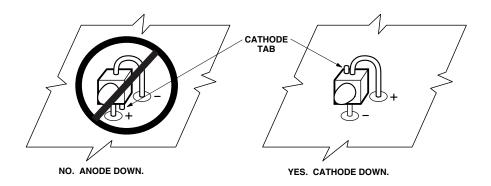


Figure 1. Proper Right Angle Mounting to a PC Board to Prevent Protruding Cathode Tab from Shorting to Anode Connection.

	0	A						-
Parameter	Standard Red	DH AS AlGaAs Red	High Eff. Red	Orange	Yellow	High Perf. Green	Emerald Green	Units
DC Forward Current ^[1]	50	30	30	30	20	30	30	mA
Peak Forward Current ^[2]	1000	300	90	90	60	90	90	mA
DC Forward Voltage (Resistor Lamps Only)			6		6	6	6	V
Reverse Voltage ($I_R = 100 \ \mu A$)	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	V
Transient Forward Current ^[3] (10 μs Pulse)	2000	500	500	500	500	500	500	mA
Operating Temperature Range: Non-Resistor Lamps	-55 to +100	-40 to +100		-55 to +1	00	-40 to +100	-20 to +100	°C
Resistor Lamps		-40 to +85 -20 to +85						
Storage Temperature Range				-55 to +100)			°C
For Thru Hole Devices Wave Soldering Temperature [1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from body]	260°C for 5 Seconds							
For Surface Mount Devices: Convective IR	235°C for 90 Seconds							
Vapor Phase			215	5°C for 3 M	inutes			

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

Notes:

See Figure 5 for current derating vs. ambient temperature. Derating is not applicable to resistor lamps.
 Refer to Figure 6 showing Max. Tolerable Peak Current vs. Pulse Duration to establish pulsed operating conditions.
 The transient peak current is the maximum non-recurring peak current the device can withstand without failure. Do not operate these lamps at this high current.

Electrical/Optical Characteristics, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

Device HLMP-	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
6000-E00xx	Luminous Intensity ^[1]	I	0.5	1.2		mcd	$I_{\rm F} = 10 \text{ mA}$
6000-G00xx			1.3	3.2			
	Forward Voltage	$V_{\rm F}$	1.4	1.6	2.0	V	$I_{\rm F} = 10 \ {\rm mA}$
All	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	V_{R}	5.0	12.0		V	$I_{\rm R} = 100 \ \mu A$
All	Included Angle Between Half Intensity Points ^[2]	2 0 ¹ / ₂		90		Deg.	
	Peak Wavelength	λ_{peak}		655		nm	
	Dominant Wavelength ^[3]	λ_{d}		640		nm	
	Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda_{1/2}$		24		nm	
All	Speed of Response	τ _s		15		ns	
	Capacitance	С		100		pF	$V_{\rm F} = 0; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$
	Thermal Resistance	$R\theta_{_{J\text{-}PIN}}$		170		°C/W	Junction-to-Cathode Lead
	Luminous Efficacy ^[4]	$\eta_{\rm v}$		65		lm/W	

Standard Red

DH AS AlGaAs Red

Device HLMP-	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
P102-F00xx			1.0	20.0			
P105-L00xx			8.6	30.0]	
Q100-N00xx			22.0	45.0			$I_{\rm F} = 20 \text{ mA}$
Q105-P00xx	Luminous Intensity	I_v	40	200		mcd	
Q150-F00xx			1.0	1.8			$I_{\rm F} = 1 {\rm mA}$
Q155-F00xx			1.0	4.0			-F
Q100	Forward Voltage	V _F		1.8	2.2	V	$I_{\rm F} = 20 \text{ mA}$
Q150/Q155				1.6	1.8]	$I_{\rm F} = 1 {\rm mA}$
All	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	V _R	5.0	15.0		V	$I_{R} = 100 \ \mu A$
P105				125			
Q100/Q150	Included Angle Between	$2\theta^{1/2}$		90		Deg.	
Q105/Q155	Half Intensity Points ^[2]			28			
	Peak Wavelength	λ_{peak}		645		nm	Measured at Peak
	Dominant Wavelength ^[3]	λ_{d}		637		nm	
	Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda_{1/2}$		20		nm	
All	Speed of Response	τ_{s}		30		ns	Exponential Time Constant; e^{-t/τ_s}
	Capacitance	С		30		pF	$V_{\rm F} = 0; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$
	Thermal Resistance	$R\theta_{J-PIN}$		170		°C/W	Junction-to Cathode Lead
	Luminous Efficacy ^[4]	$\eta_{\rm v}$		80		lm/W	

High	Efficiency	Red
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Device HLMP-	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
P202-F00xx			1.0	5.0			
P205-F00xx			1.0	8.0			
6300-F00xx			1.0	10.0			$I_{\rm F} = 10 \text{ mA}$
6305-L00xx			10.0	40.0			
7000-D00xx	Luminous Intensity ^[1]	I	0.4	1.0		mcd	$I_{\rm F} = 2 \text{ mA}$
6600-G00xx			1.3	5.0			$V_{\rm F} = 5.0$ Volts
6620-F00xx			0.8	2.0			
All	Forward Voltage (Nonresistor Lamps)	$V_{\rm F}$	1.5	1.8	3.0	V	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$
6600	Forward Current			9.6	13.0	mA	$V_{\rm F} = 5.0 \ { m V}$
6620	(Resistor Lamps)	I _F		3.5	5.0		
All	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	V _R	5.0	30.0		V	$I_{R} = 100 \ \mu A$
P205				125			
6305	Included Angle Between	$2\theta^{1/2}$		28		Deg.	
All Diffused	Half Intensity Points ^[2]			90		-	
	Peak Wavelength	λ_{peak}		635		nm	Measured at Peak
	Dominant Wavelength ^[3]	λ_{d}		626		nm	
	Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda_{1/2}$		40		nm	
All	Speed of Response	τ_{s}		90		ns	
	Capacitance	С		11		pF	$V_{\rm F} = 0; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$
	Thermal Resistance	$R\theta_{J-PIN}$		170		°C/W	Junction-to-Cathode Lead
	Luminous Efficacy ^[4]	$\eta_{\rm v}$		145		lm/W	

Orange

Device HLMP-	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
P402-F00xx			1.0	4.0			
P405-F00xx	Luminous Intensity	I_v	1.0	6		mcd	$I_{\rm F} = 10 \ {\rm mA}$
Q400-F00xx			1.0	8			
	Forward Voltage	$V_{\rm F}$	1.5	1.9	3.0	V	$I_{\rm F} = 10 \ {\rm mA}$
All	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	V _R	5.0	30.0		V	$I_{R} = 100 \ \mu A$
P405	Included Angle Between	$2\theta^{1/2}$		125		Deg.	
Q400	Half Intensity Points ^[2]	Ζθ ¹ /2		90			
	Peak Wavelength	λ_{peak}		600		nm	
	Dominant Wavelength ^[3]	λ_{d}		602		nm	Measured at Peak
	Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda_{1/2}$		40		nm	
All	Speed of Response	τ_{s}		260		ns	
	Capacitance	С		4		pF	$V_{\rm F} = 0; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$
	Thermal Resistance	$R\theta_{J-PIN}$		170		°C/W	Junction-to-Cathode Lead
	Luminous Efficacy ^[4]	$\eta_{\rm v}$		380		lm/W	

Device HLMP-	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
P302-F00xx			1.0	3.0			
P305-F00xx	•		1.0	4.0			$I_{\rm F} = 10 \text{ mA}$
6400-F00xx			1.0	9.0			$r_{\rm F} = 10~{\rm mm}$
6405-J00xx	Luminous Intensity ^[1]	I	3.6	20		mcd	
7019-D00xx			0.4	0.6			$I_{\rm F} = 2 {\rm mA}$
6700-G00xx			1.4	5.0			$V_{\rm F} = 5.0$ Volts
6720-F00xx			0.9	2.0			
All	Forward Voltage (Nonresistor Lamps)	V _F		2.0	2.4	v	$I_{\rm F} = 10 \ {\rm mA}$
6700		T		9.6	13.0	– mA	$V_{\rm F} = 5.0 \ { m V}$
6720	Forward Current (Resistor Lamps)	I _F		3.5	5.0		
All	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	V _R	5.0	50.0		V	
P305				125		_	
6405	Included Angle Between Half Intensity Points ^[2]	$2\theta^{1/2}$		28		Deg.	
All Diffused	man intensity rounts, y			90			
	Peak Wavelength	λ_{peak}		583		nm	Measured at Peak
	Dominant Wavelength ^[3]	λ_d		585		nm	
	Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda_{1/2}$		36		nm	
All	Speed of Response	τ		90		ns	
	Capacitance	С		15		pF	$V_{\rm F} = 0; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$
	Thermal Resistance	$R\theta_{J-PIN}$		170		°C/W	Junction-to-Cathode Lead
	Luminous Efficacy ^[4]	$\eta_{\rm v}$		500		lm/W	

Device HLMP-	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
P502-F00xx			1.0	3.0			
P505-G00xx			1.6	6.3			
6500-F00xx			1.0	7.0			$I_{\rm F} = 10 \ {\rm mA}$
6505-L00xx			10.0	40.0			
7040-D00xx	Luminous Intensity ^[1]	I	0.4	0.6		mcd	$I_F = 2 \text{ mA}$
6800-G00xx			1.6	5.0			$V_{\rm F} = 5.0$ Volts
6820-F00xx			0.8	2.0			
All	Forward Voltage (Nonresistor Lamps)	$V_{\rm F}$		2.1	2.7	V	$I_{\rm F} = 10 \ {\rm mA}$
6800		_		9.6	13.0		
6820	Forward Current (Resistor Lamps)	I _F		3.5	5.0	- mA	$V_{\rm F} = 5.0 \ { m V}$
All	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	V _R	5.0	50.0		V	$I_{\rm R}=100~\mu A$
P505				125			
6505	Included Angle Between Half Intensity Points ^[2]	$2\theta^{1/2}$		28		Deg.	
All Diffused	The first of the second s			90			
	Peak Wavelength	λ_{peak}		565		nm	
	Dominant Wavelength ^[3]	λ_{d}		569		nm	
	Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda_{1/2}$		28		nm	
All	Speed of Response	τ_{s}		500		ns	
	Capacitance	С		18		pF	$V_{\rm F} = 0; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$
	Thermal Resistance	$R\theta_{J-PIN}$		170		°C/W	Junction-to-Cathode Lead
	Luminous Efficacy ^[4]	η		595		lm/W	

Notes:

1. The luminous intensity for arrays is tested to assure a 2.1 to 1.0 matching between elements. The average luminous intensity for an array determines its light output category bin. Arrays are binned for luminous intensity to allow I_v matching

a. θ¹/₂ is the off-axis angle where the luminous intensity is half the on-axis value.
3. Dominant wavelength, λ_d, is derived from the CIE Chromaticity Diagram and represents the single wavelength that defines the color of the device.

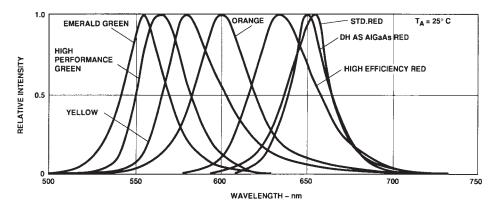
4. Radiant intensity, I_e , in watts/steradian, may be calculated from the equation $I_e = I_v / \eta_v$, where I_v is the luminous intensity in candelas and η_v is the luminous efficacy in lumens/watt.

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Emerald	Green ^[1]
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Device HLMP-	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
P605-F00xx	Luminous Intensity	I	1.0	1.5		mcd	$I_{\rm F} = 10 \ {\rm mA}$
Q600-F00xx			1.0	1.5			
	Forward Voltage	V _F		2.2	3.0	V	$I_{\rm F} = 10 \ {\rm mA}$
All	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	V _R	5.0			V	$I_{R} = 100 \ \mu A$
P605	Included Angle Between	0.01/		125		D	
Q600	Half Intensity Points ^[2]	$2\theta^{1/2}$		90		Deg.	
	Peak Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}		558		nm	
	Dominant Wavelength ^[3]	λ_d		560		nm	Measured at Peak
P605/	Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda_{1/2}$		24		nm	
Q600	Speed of Response	τ		3100		ns	
	Capacitance	C		35		pF	$V_{\rm F} = 0; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$
	Thermal Resistance	$R\theta_{J-PIN}$		170		°C/W	Junction-to-Cathode Lead
	Luminous Efficacy ^[4]	$\eta_{\rm v}$		656		lm/W	

Note: 1. Please refer to Application Note 1061 for information comparing standard green and emerald green light ouptut degradation.





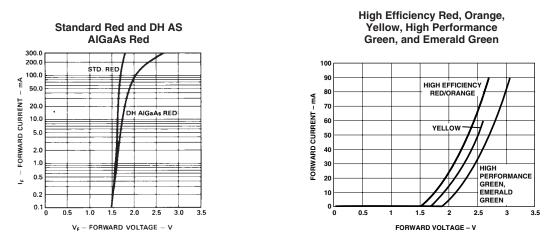


Figure 2. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage. (Non-Resistor Lamp)

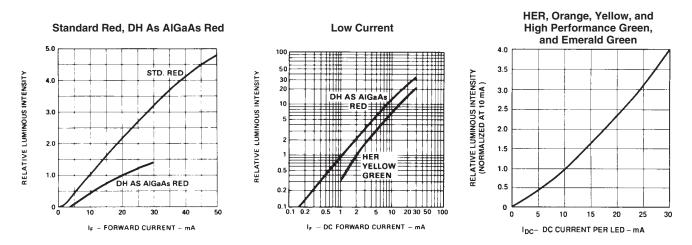


Figure 3. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current. (Non-Resistor Lamp)

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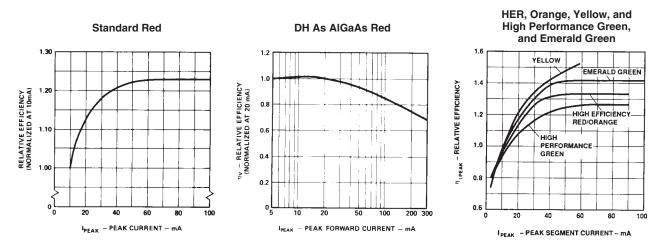


Figure 4. Relative Efficiency (Luminous Intensity per Unit Current) vs. Peak Current (Non-Resistor Lamps).

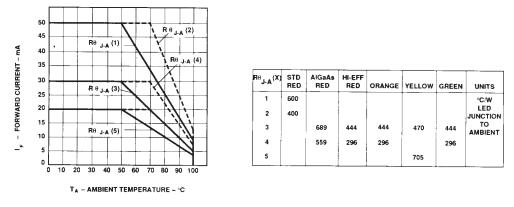


Figure 5. Maximum Forward dc Current vs. Ambient Temperature. Derating Based on T_J MAX = 110 °C (Non-Resistor Lamps).

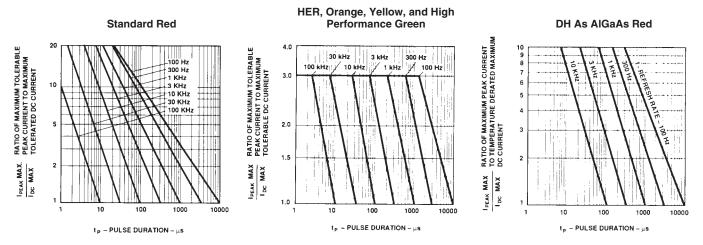
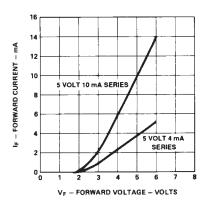


Figure 6. Maximum Tolerable Peak Current vs. Pulse Duration. (I_{DC} MAX as per MAX Ratings) (Non-Resistor Lamps).

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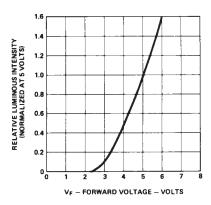


Figure 7. Resistor Lamp Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage.

Figure 8. Resistor Lamp Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Voltage.

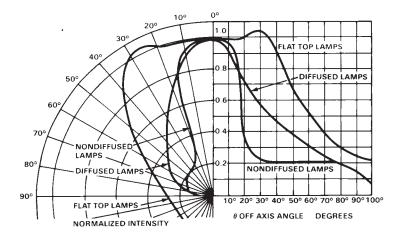


Figure 9. Relative Intensity vs. Angular Displacement.



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